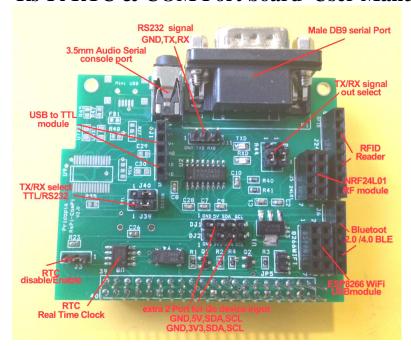
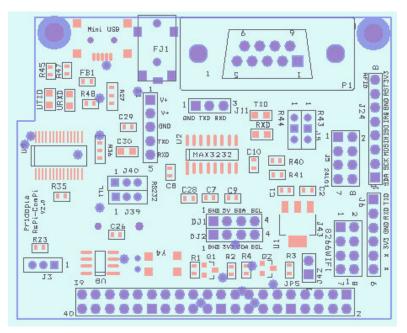
Rs-Pi RTC & COM Port board User Manual





Raspberry Pi - RS232 COM & Serial console Board

- 1. provide DB9 male COM port
- 2. provide i2c DS1307 RTC with CR1220 bauk-up battery
- 3. provide RFID socket (SPI signal) / NRF24L01 socket (SPI signal) you can choose use RFID or NRF24L01 (both use SPI signal)
- 4. Provide 2 extra i2c device input port, one for 3.3V, one for 5V (with Logic Level converter)
- 5. provide 3.3V power Regulator for 3.3V device (RFID/NRF24L01) i2c device
- 6. provide 3.5mm serial console cable socket,
- 7. provide jumper setting can change 3.5mm output TX, RX position.



First Install battery for RTC, "+" mark on top

RTC DS1307 - 68 in i2cdetect -y 0 or i2cdetect -y 1 for Rs-Pi V2 you will see 68 in the screen 68 -> RTC DS1307

This requires a Raspberry Pi running a kernel with the RTC module and DS1307

module included.

then, load up the RTC module by running

sudo modprobe rtc-ds1307

Then, as root (type in **sudo bash**) run

echo ds1307 0x68 > /sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-0/new_device (if you have a rev 1 Pi)

echo ds1307 0x68 > /sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-1/new_device (if you have a rev 2 Pi)

hwclock -r read time

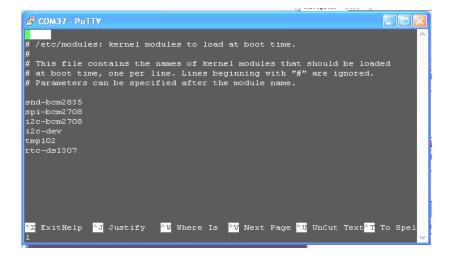
hwclock –w write time in RTC

hwclock -s write time in System

hwclock --set --date="2013-08-21 08:00:12" --utc

write in custom Time in RTC

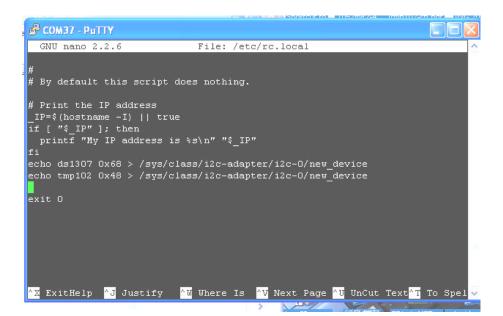
you'll want to add the RTC kernel module to the /etc/modules list, so its loaded when the machine boots. Run **sudo nano** /etc/modules and add rtc-ds1307 at the end of the file



Then you'll want to create the DS1307 device creation at boot, edit /etc/rc.local by running

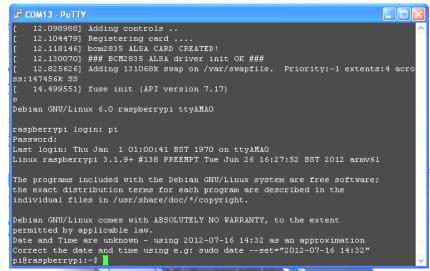
sudo nano /etc/rc.local

and add echo ds1307 0x68 > /sys/class/i2c-adapter/i2c-0/new_device before exit 0

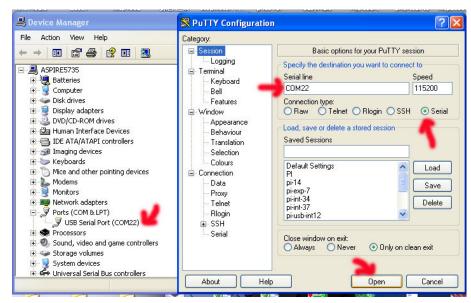


The necessary settings are:

- Speed: 115200 baud Data bits: 8 Stop bits: 1
- Parity: None Flow control: None



In PuTTY



Setting in Putty

Raspberry Pi Serial Port Usage

The serial port on the Raspberry Pi is configured as default for console input/output. This allows you to login and interact with the Raspberry Pi via the serial port but you cannot use the serial port with your programs.

To use the serial port with other programs and hardware such as modems, arduino boards etc you need to disable the console login.

To Disable Serial Port Login

You need to edit two files in order to use the serial port with your own programs.

When the Raspberry Pi boots, the bootup information is sent to the serial port. You can disable this by editing the/boot/cmdline.txt file

The contents of the file look like this dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=ttyAMA0,115200 kgdboc=ttyAMA0,115200 console=tty1 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline rootwait

Remove all references to ttyAMA0 so the file looks like this: dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=tty1 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline rootwait

Save the file to save your changes.

The second file to edit is /etc/inittab

Edit using: sudo nano /etc/inittab

The /etc/ inittab file has the command which enables the login prompt which needs to be disabled.

Near the end of the file will be a line similar to this: respawn:/sbin/getty -L ttyAMA0 115200 vt100 Disable this line by adding a # character to the beginning. #respawn:/sbin/getty -L ttyAMA0 115200 vt100 Save the file.

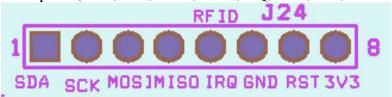
You should then reboot your raspberry pi with the following command

sudo shutdown -r now

You can now use your serial port with other applications on your Raspberry Pi.

RFID socket

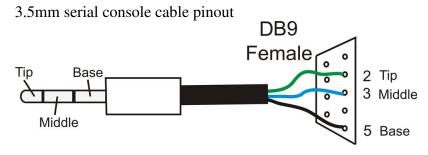
From pin1 (SDA,SCK,MOSI,MISO,IRQ,GND,RST,3V3



NRF24L01 socket

From pin1 (GND,3V3,GPIO25,CE0,SCLK,MOSI,MISO,X)





Detail information http://www.pridopia.co.uk/pi-com-lite-bp-e02.html